

## **Computing Progression of Skills**

	DIGITAL LITERACY – Online Safety							
Early Years	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6		
Know that it is important to be kind on the internet.	Keep safe and respect others using digital technology.	Keep safe and respect others using digital technology.	Use digital technology safely and show respect for others online.	Demonstrate they can act responsibly on computers.	Demonstrate they can act responsibly when using the internet.	Can show they can think through consequences of their actions when using		
Understand self- image and identity online. Understand how to safely find	Explain why they need to keep safe. Understand things on the internet can be seen by others.	Know that it is important to keep themselves safe. Understand that they should not share personal information	Recognise unacceptable behaviour when using digital technology. Know who to talk to about concerns and	Understand the difference between acceptable and unacceptable behaviours when using digital literacy.	Can discuss consequences of particular behaviours when using digital technology. Knows how to report	digital technology. Can identify principles underpinning unacceptable behaviour.		
information online.	Be aware that information stored on the web or transmitted via internet is available to other people.	Understand personal information should be kept private.	inappropriate behaviour. Know how to report inappropriate behaviour when using	Know who to talk to about concerns and inappropriate behaviours at home or school.	concerns and inappropriate behaviour in a range of contexts.	Knows a range of ways to report concerns and inappropriate behaviour in a range of contexts.		
		Understand what to do if they have concerns about content or contact online. Know what to do if they come across	technology. Decide whether a web page is relevant for a given purpose.	Know to report inappropriate behaviour when using technology in school and to discuss concerns with trusted adult.	digital content is reliable and unbiased. Can work collaboratively with classmates on a class website or blog.	Can form opinion on effectiveness of digital content. Can use online tools to plan and carry out collaborative project related to online safety.		

inappropriate content.	Decide whether digital content is relevant for a given purpose or question.	
	Work collaboratively with classmates on a shared wiki.	

Early Years	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Recognise that a range of technology is used in differed places and is	Give sequence of instructions to a floor turtle.	Create a simple program on-screen using pre-made sprites that shows an	Use sequence in programs. Write a program on-	Can use sequence and repetition in programs. Can write a program	Can use sequence, selection and repetition in programs.	Can use sequence, selection, repetition and variables in programs.
selected for a given purpose. Explore toys that stimulate control devices and the commands needed to	Use a Bee-Bot to understand algorithms as a sequence of instructions using the Go button.	algorithm as a sequence of instructions, correcting any errors. Debug any errors in their own code.	screen to produce output on screen.	that accepts keyboard input and produces on- screen output.	Can write a program that accepts keyboard and mouse input and produces output on screen and through speakers.	Can write a program that accepts inputs other than keyboard and mouse and produces outputs othe than screen or

COMPUTER SCIENCE – Problem Solving							
Early Years	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6	
Explore simple simulations and ask 'What if'	Understand algorithms in everyday context. Plan sequence of events based on real world problems e.g.	Use algorithms as set of instructions or rules in every day contexts. Recognise common sequences of	Design and write a program using block language without user interaction.	Can design and write a program using block language to a given brief, including simple interaction.	Can design, write and debug a program using a block language based on their own ideas.	Can design, write and debug a program using a second programming language based on their own ideas.	

	making simple food. Program floor turtles using sequences of	instructions can be recognised as algorithms e.g. recipes.	Design a program that includes movement and dialogue; may also use sound effects and some	Can develop their own simulation of a simple physical system on- screen.	Can test and debug their code, explain what bugs they found and how they fixed	Can design, write and debug their own computer control.
i	instructions to implement an algorithm.	Program on screen using sequences of instructions to implement an algorithm.	costumes to allow for animated movement. Explore simulations of physical systems on-screen.	Can work with other to plan a project.	them. Can plan a solution to a problem using decomposition.	Can solve problems using decomposition, tackling each part separately.
			To plan a project.			

Early Years	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Interact and explore environment using multimedia devices e.g. iPads to catch still images. Know that technology can be used to create content.	Use a range of digital technology to store, access and create content of everyday life. These may include: laptop computers, tablets, smartphones, digital cameras, video cameras and audio recorders. Use a range of digital technology to retrieve information and store it. Create original digital content using a range	To store, organise and retrieve content on digital devices for a given purpose. Create and edit original content when specified to.	Use a range of programs on a computer. Use a range of software on a laptop or tablet computer with some degree of independence. Design and create content on a computer.	Can use and combine a range of programs on a computer. Can design and create content on a computer in response to a given goal. Can collect and present data.	Can use and combine a range of programs on multiple devices. Can design and create programs on a computer in response to a given goal. Can analyse and evaluate information.	Can select, use and combine a range of programs on multiple devices. Can design and create systems in response to a given goal. Can analyse and evaluate data.

Early Years	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Can understand how to log on and off. Can use different	Can show an awareness of how IT is used for communication in school	Can show awareness of hot IT is used for a range of purposes beyond school.	Can search for information without a single file. Can understand that	Can use standard search engine to find information. Can understand that	Can use filters to make more effective use of a standard search engine.	Can make use of a range of search engine appropriate to finding information that is required.
devices such as a mouse or keyboard.	Can mention some of the ways in which IT is used to communicate	Can name a number of purposes for which IT is used beyond school	search engines select pages according to key words found in the	search engines rank pages according to relevance.	search engines use a cached copy of the crawled web to select	Can appreciate that search engines rank
Can use a range of technology in their home and learning environment.	beyond school e.g. people use social media, email, make video calls.	e.g. adults share work or discussing ideas online. Editing and sharing photos.	content.		and rank results.	pages based on the number and quality of in-bound links.
Know that technology can be used to digitally communicate.		Know that scientists use computers when collecting and analysing data.				

LOGICAL THINKING							
Early Years	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6	
	Give explanations of what they think a program will do. Explain to the teacher and peers what they think a program written	Give logical reasons for what they think a program will do.	Explain what a simple, sequence-based algorithm is in their own words. Use logical reasoning to detect errors in	Can explain an algorithm using sequence and repetition in their own words. Can use logical	Can explain rule-based algorithm in their own words. Can use logical reasoning to detect errors in algorithms.	Can give clear and precise logical explanations to a number of algorithms. Can use logical reasoning to detect an	
	by themselves, the class or a familiar software (including games)		Understand computer networks transmits	reasoning to detect and correct errors in programs.	Can understand how data routing works on the internet.	correct errors in algorithms (and programs).	

information in a digital	Can understand that	Can understand how	Can understand how
(binary) format.	the internet transmits	web pages are created	mobile phone or other
	information as packets	and transmitted.	networks operate.
Understand that email	of data.		
and videoconferencing			Can understand how
are made possible	Can understand how		domain names are
through the internet.	the internet makes the		converted into IP
	web possible.		addresses on the
			internet.
	Can give an explanation		
	of how requests for		
	web pages, and the		
	HTML for those		
	webpages, are		
	transmitted via the		
	internet.		